



### ightarrow Coretelligent Whitepaper

# Managing Cyber Financial Risk: A CFO's Guide to AI-Phishing and BEC

Strategically Quantifying and Managing Financial Threats



### **Executive Overview**

#### **Rising Cyber Financial Risks**

Business Email Compromise (BEC) and Al-enhanced phishing scams pose significant financial threats to mid-sized companies. CFOs must proactively quantify and mitigate these cyber risks to protect organizational stability and economic health.

In 2023, businesses lost nearly \$3 billion to BEC incidents, with the average loss per attack at approximately \$137,000 (FBI IC3 Report). These losses directly impact profitability, liquidity, and overall financial integrity.

#### **CFO's Critical Role**

CFOs play a pivotal role in managing these threats by establishing financial oversight, developing cybersecurity budgets, and implementing risk mitigation strategies. By strategically addressing cybersecurity threats, CFOs ensure that their organizations avoid potentially catastrophic financial impacts.



## **Financial Exposure to AI-Phishing**

#### **Direct Costs Explained**

Direct financial losses from phishing and BEC incidents significantly strain organizational budgets. Immediate impacts include fraudulent wire transfers, misdirected payments, and unauthorized financial access. For mid-sized firms, these losses can severely disrupt cash flow and operational stability.

#### **Hidden and Indirect Costs**

Indirect financial impacts include downtime, legal expenses, compliance fines, reputational damage, and increased cybersecurity insurance premiums. IBM's 2024 data breach report identifies total average losses from phishing-related incidents at \$4.9 million, factoring both direct and indirect costs (IBM Data Breach Report).





## **CFO Cybersecurity KPIs**

#### **Essential Financial Metrics for Cyber Risk**

CFOs must track key performance indicators to manage cybersecurity risks effectively:



#### Cost per Cyber Incident:

Track direct financial losses to evaluate financial exposure.



Annual Loss Expectancy (ALE): Quantify expected annual financial losses from cyber incidents.



**Risk-Adjusted Cybersecurity Investment:** Measure returns on cybersecurity investments versus potential cyber loss reductions

Consistent monitoring of these metrics enables proactive risk management, helping executives quantify and reduce cyber exposure.



40% of IT budgets can be wasted due to technical debt from neglected cybersecurity investments



### Case Study—Financial Services Firms

#### **Successful Risk Mitigation**

Financial services firms, frequently targeted by phishing and BEC attacks, provide essential insights into effective risk management. Firms that implement rigorous transaction verification processes and advanced cybersecurity technologies significantly reduce financial exposure.

For instance, financial firms deploying Al-driven email security solutions reported a 62% reduction in phishing incidents (<u>Microsoft Security</u>). This demonstrates the effectiveness of targeted cybersecurity investments in mitigating financial risks.

#### **Proactive CFO Leadership**

CFOs at these firms played key roles in proactively championing cybersecurity initiatives, linking cyber risk management to broader financial and operational stability. Regular cybersecurity training, strong financial oversight, and strategic budget allocation have effectively mitigated risks.

62% reduction in phishing incidents with advanced Al security solutions



### Budgeting and Forecasting for Cybersecurity

#### Strategic Cybersecurity Budgeting

CFOs must strategically allocate cybersecurity budgets to maximize ROI. This includes investments in advanced email security, comprehensive employee training, and robust incident response planning. Proactive training reduces phishing incidents by up to 869%

Proactive cybersecurity budgeting significantly reduces potential losses from cyber incidents. According to KnowBe4, organizations that adopt regular phishing awareness training report up to 86% fewer incidents, demonstrating substantial financial and operational benefits.

#### Forecasting for Future Cyber Risks

Accurate forecasting of cyber risks enables organizations to anticipate threats and allocate resources effectively. CFOs should integrate cybersecurity budgeting into broader financial forecasting, ensuring readiness against evolving threats.

# **The CFO Imperative**

Managing cyber financial risk through strategic planning and proactive measures is essential. CFOs must prioritize cybersecurity to protect their organizations' financial health and operational resilience.

#### Partnering with Coretelligent

Coretelligent specializes in strategic cybersecurity solutions tailored specifically for mid-sized organizations. Our structured approach ensures comprehensive risk management, minimal disruption, and optimized financial and operational outcomes.

Take action today. Secure your financial stability and protect your organization from AI-powered phishing and Business Email Compromise (BEC) threats with Coretelligent's proven expertise.



# **Take Action Today**

Protect your financial future—<u>schedule your cybersecurity</u> <u>consultation with Coretelligent</u> today.